## Number: Addition and Subtraction

|  | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
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|  | represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 | recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  | add and subtract onedigit and two-digit numbers to 20 , including zero | add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: <br> * a two-digit number and ones <br> * a two-digit number and tens <br> * two two-digit numbers <br> * adding three one-digit numbers | add and subtract numbers mentally, including: <br> * a three-digit number and ones <br> * a three-digit number and tens <br> * a three-digit number and hundreds |  | add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers | perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers |
| $\stackrel{\underset{\sim}{\mathbb{E}}}{\underset{\Sigma}{\mathbf{E}}}$ | read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs (appears also in Written Methods) | show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot |  |  |  | use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations |


|  | read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs (appears also in Mental Calculation) |  | add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction | add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate | add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction) |  |
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|  |  | recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems. | estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers | estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation | use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy | use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy. |
|  | solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as $7=\square-9$ | solve problems with addition and subtraction: <br> * using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures <br> * applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods | solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction | solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why | solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why | solve addition and subtraction multistep problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why |

## Number: Addition and Subtraction

|  | solve simple problems in a <br> practical context involving <br> addition and subtraction of <br> money of the same unit, <br> including giving change <br> (copied from Measurement) |  | Solve problems <br> involving addition, <br> subtraction, <br> multiplication and <br> division |
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